



**World Engineering Technology
and Applied Science Forum**

CONFERENCE BOOK OF ABSTRACT PROCEEDING

Venue: Nine Tree Premier Hotel Myeongdong 2

Date: November 17-18, 2018

CONFERENCE BOOK OF ABSTRACT PROCEEDINGS

*World Engineering Technology and
Applied Science Forum
ANIMH*

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Book of Abstracts Proceedings

ANIMH International Conference on Research Advances in Engineering, ICT, Basic and Applied Sciences (EIBA)

Seoul, South Korea
November 17-18, 2018
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***ANIMH International Conference on Research Advances in
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(EIBA-November-2018)***

Venue: Nine Tree Premier Hotel Myeongdong 2

Conference Theme: The idea of the conference is for the scientists, scholars, engineers and students from the Universities all around the world and the industry to present ongoing research activities, and hence to foster research relations between the Universities and the Industry.

Book of Abstracts Proceedings

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ORGANIZING COMMITTEE

Philip L-F. Liu

Conference Chair

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Xiao wei

Conference Coordinator

CONFERENCE TRACKS

- Smart Engineering Technology
- Smart Data Science and Big Data
- Smart Information Technology Management
- Smart Digital Economy and Business Management
- Smart Citizen, Policy, and Social Management
- Smart Citizen, Policy, and Social Management
- Organizational Studies
- Management of Technology Education and Research
- IT Education and Society
- Engineering Technology
- Image Processing, Biosignal Processing, Modelling and Simulation, Biomechanics Logistics and Supply Chain Management
- Mechanical & Metallurgical Engineering
- Electrical & Electronics Engineering
- Civil Engineering
- Bio-Technology & Food Technology
- Chemistry & Chemical Engineering
- Physical, Applied and Life Sciences
- Interdisciplinary
- Medical and Health Sciences
- Paramedical Sciences
- Medicine Sciences
- Biological and Life sciences
- Veterinary Medicine and Sciences
- Food Science & Nutrition
- Agricultural sciences
- Interdisciplinary

CONFERENCE CHAIR MESSAGE

Philip L-F. Liu

“World Engineering Technology and Applied Science Forum” is a platform that thrives to support the worldwide scholarly community to analyze the role played by the multidisciplinary innovations for the betterment of human societies. It also encourages academicians, practitioners, scientists, and scholars from various disciplines to come together and share their ideas about how they can make all the disciplines interact in an innovative way and to sort out the way to minimize the effect of challenges faced by the society. All the research work presented in this conference is truly exceptional, promising, and effective. These researches are designed to target the challenges that are faced by various sub-domains of the social sciences, business and economics, applied sciences, engineering and technology, health and medical sciences.

I would like to thank our honorable scientific and review committee for giving their precious time to the review process covering the papers presented in this conference. I am also highly obliged to the participants for being a part of our efforts to promote knowledge sharing and learning. We as scholars make an integral part of the leading educated class of the society that is responsible for benefitting the society with their knowledge. Let’s get over all sorts of discrimination and take a look at the wider picture. Let’s work together for the welfare of humanity for making the world a harmonious place to live and making it flourish in every aspect. Stay blessed.

Thank you.

Philip L-F. Liu

Conference Chair

Email: conference.chair@animh.com

CONFERENCE SCHEDULE

ANIMH-2018

Venue: Nine Tree Premier Hotel Myeongdong 2

Time: Registration & Kit Distribution (09:00 - 09:10 am)

Day: Saturday

Date: November 17, 2018

Venue: Room 1

09:10 am - 09:20 am	Introduction of Participants
09:20 am - 09:30 am	Inauguration and Opening address
09:30 am - 09:40 am	Grand Networking Session

Tea/Coffee Break (09:40 - 10:00 am)

DAY 01 Saturday (November 17, 2018)

First Presentation Session (10:00 am - 01:00 pm)

Venue: Room 1

Session Chair: Dr.Vincent

Track A:Engineering, Technology Computer and Applied Sciences

Paper ID	Manuscript Title	Presenter Name
EIBA-118-KR102	Monitoring System of Village Fund Allocation By Village Officials	Rochman Marota
EIBA-118-KR103	Effect Of Task Technology Fit on Perceived Usefulness on Future Accountants In Online Accounting Applications	Vero Deswanto
EIBA-118-KR104	The Moderating Effect of Shariah Governance on Financial and Maqasid Shariah Performance: Evidence from Islamic Banks in Indonesia	Lia Dahlia Iryani
EIBA-118-KR105	The Effect of Solvency, Activity And Implementation of Good Corporate Governance on Profitability (Study on Non-Banking State Owned Enterprises in Indonesia Registered On The Idx 2012-2017)	Yan Noviar Nasution
EIBA-118-KR106	Income Funds Governance of Legal Entity State University	Agus Cahyana
EIBA-118-KR107	The Effect Of Corporate Social Responsibility and Corporate Governance On Companys Performance	Asep Alipudin
EIBA-118-KR108	E-Filing System as A Contribution to the Improvement of Tax-payers Compliance	Tutty Nuryati
EIBA-118-KR109	System Quality and Task Technology-Fit on User Satisfaction in Adopting Village Finance System	Ayatulloh Michael Musyaffi
EIBA-118-KR110	The Effects of Corporate Social Responsibility on Financial Performance on Indonesian Public Listed Tobacco Companies	Siti Maimunah Yahya Senawat
EIBA-118-KR111	Overview the Implementation of Accounting for Agriculture in Indonesia and Malaysia	Retno Martanti Endah Lestari

Track B:Business, Economic, Social Sciences and Humanities

RSELE-NOV-105	Influence of Dolls of Reflecting the Perfectionist Woman's Body on the Self-Perception of The of 5-6 Years Old Girls	Ayse Alptekin
RSELE-NOV-106	The Effect of Kick-Boks On Violence Tendency of the High School Students	Aysegul Sarikaya
RSELE-NOV-118	Dual Mode Delivery in an Introductory Statistics Course: Design and Evaluation	Tommy Njoto Soesanto

Lunch Break: (01:00 pm - 02:00 pm)

Participants Registered As Listener/ Observer

The following Scholars/ practitioners who don't have any paper presentation, however they will attending the conference as delegates & observers.

Official ID: SEO-3118-101MA
Qasim Hussein Jalil Al_Thabit
Ministry of Health, Karbala Health Institution

Conference Day 02 (November 18, 2018)

Second day of conference will be specified for touristy. Relevant expenses are borne by Individual him/herself.

TRACK A
***ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY, COMPUTER, BASIC & APPLIED
SCIENCES***

Monitoring System of Village Fund Allocation By Village Officials

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Keywords: Monitoring System, Village Development, Village Fund, Village Officials

Indonesia Village Law that mentioned about the Village Development is an effort to improve the quality of life and life for the welfare of the village community, as well as Saemaul Undong in South Korea and FELDA in Malaysia. This research doing comparative study between Indonesia, Saemul Undong and FELDA in term of monitoring system on village fund. Further explained that the Village Development covers the stages of planning, implementation, and monitoring. The purpose of monitoring in general is to ensure the implementation of activities in accordance with the plans and provisions that apply to the expected objectives can be achieved. This research also focused on village-level monitoring that done by the village community as a shareholder village, it is also represented in the Village Officials. Learning from the Saemaul Undong program in South Korea and FELDA in Malaysia, with the Village Consultative Body, consisting of village officials, community leaders and Village Business Entity, the village officials are the main pillars in the village funding monitoring system, from the planning, implementation, and accountability stages as a pillar of good village governance to improve the development of the welfare of the village community.

Effect of Task Technology Fit on Perceived Usefulness on Future Accountants in Online Accounting Applications

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Keywords: Task - Technology Fit (TTF), Perceived Usefulness (PU), Online Accounting Application System, Technology Acceptance Model (TAM), Accounting Information Systems

The development of accounting information systems has been a challenge for accountants to understand and use information technology to improve the performance of accountants to produce quality accounting information. This research was conducted to test and explain the complexity of the factors that influence the use of information systems and their impact on the future accountants about the use of accounting application technology. In this research, researchers assessed the magnitude of the effect of Task Technology Fit on Perceived Usefulness for future accountants to use online accounting applications. To examine the relationship between TTF and PU, Technology Acceptance Model were combined to form a more coherent structure exhibiting completeness and integration across models. Partial Least Square (PLS) method was employed to test the empirical data building on prior literature. The results of the measurement of the relationship between variables shows that the significant relationship between TTF variable with the PU variable. The importance of this research is to gain an understanding of the needs and interests of future accountants when using online accounting applications. By examining the effect of the task and technology fit, and assessing the impact on the perception of the accountant.

The Moderating Effect Of Shariah Governance on Financial And Maqasid Shariah Performance: Evidence From Islamic Banks in Indonesia

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Keywords: Proportion of Independent Board of Commissioners, Board Size, Audit Committee, Shariah Supervisory Board (SSB), Financial Performance, ZISW, Qardhul Hasan.

The aim of this research is to assess the effect of financial performance to Maqasid Shariah performance with shariah governance as a moderating variable. Financial performance can be measured based on three criteria: firm size (FS), return on asset (ROA) and asset structure, while Maqasid Shariah performance is measured by zakat, infaq, shadaqoh and awqaf (ZISWAF) and qordhul hasan (QH). Shariah governance (SG) is measured by the proportion of independent board of commissioners members, board size, audit committee, and shariah supervisory board. The data in this study are the secondary data from Islamic Banking Financial Report (IBFR) of 2012-2016. This research employed a quantitative approach with panel data regression using E-views 9.0 software. The method for the data analysis used factor analysis. The results show that the effects of FS and ROA on Maqasid Shariah performance are significant, and the implementation of shariah governance is generally proven to play a significant role in moderating the effect of FS and ROA on Maqasid Shariah performance. The better the implementation of SG, the stronger the predictability of Maqasid Shariah, and shariah governance has a positive effect on Maqasid Shariah.

The Effect of Solvency, Activity and Implementation of Good Corporate Governance on Profitability (Study On Non-Banking State Owned Enterprises in Indonesia Registered on the Idx 2012-2017)

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Keywords: Solvency, Activity, GCG, and Profitability

The aim of this research is to find out the effect of solvency, activity, and implementation of good corporate governance on profitability of non-banking State Owned Enterprises which the IPO before 2012 and registered in Indonesia Stock Exchange in 2012 until 2017. The number of the research sample were 14 companies. The phenomenon of operational inefficiency of the company resulted in the loss of several State Owned Enterprises in that period. In this study profitability indicators use return on assets (ROA). While the debt of the State-Owned Enterprises is increasingly swollen, especially those who get government assignments are feared that they will default. This is related to solvency as measured by using Debt to Equity Ratio (DER). While the inefficiency of companies in using and managing assets owned will only increase the burden of the company in the form of investment that does not bring profit. This is related to the activities measured by using Total assets turnover (TATO). The last is good corporate governance (GCG) where corporate governance is seen as not yet optimal by State Owned Enterprise. As for corporate governance using the Audit Committee indicators. Based on the results of the study, it is concluded that DER, TATO, and GCG with the Audit Committee indicators have a significant effect on ROA in State Owned Enterprise registered on the IDX. The same result is also with partial test (t test), where DER has a significant effect on ROA, TATO has a significant effect on ROA, and GCG with the Audit Committee indicator has a significant effect on ROA.

Income Funds Governance of Legal Entity State University

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Keywords: Income Funds Governance, Legal Entity State University, Autonomy

Income funds of Legal Entity State Universities consist of The State Budget and Non-State Budget which can be managed autonomously. Income funds which come from the Indonesian government budget are not yet fully autonomous in their use. Therefore, the focus of the discussion is aimed at the fund governance of Non-State Budget within the scope of these management aspects: organizational structure, revenue sharing and reporting. The research uses qualitative methods, namely the phenomenological approach and direct observation of the object under study. The result of the study shows that public funds are funded by the operations of Legal Entity State Universities themselves, used autonomously in the implementation of academic and non-academic activities while still paying attention to aspects of accountability, transparency, efficiency and effectiveness. Two funding sources are managed through the budget cycle, budget execution and audited by internal auditors and external auditors.

The Effect of Corporate Social Responsibility and Corporate Governance on Companies Performance

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Keywords: Corporate Social Responsibility, Corporate Governance, Companies Performance

The aim of this research is to find out the effect of corporate social responsibility and corporate governance on companies performance on BUMN (State Owned Enterprises) which is registered in Indonesia Stock Exchange in 2012 until 2017. The number of the sample were 14 companies. The phenomenon that occurred the performance of State Owned Enterprises with ROA indicator was more decreasing from 2012 until 2016. The company does not only pay attention to the business interests but the social responsibility needs to be paid attention to create the added value. There are a lot of things that must be solved in State Own Enterprise, especially in corporate governance. The result of this study is the social responsibility with CSRDij indicator and corporate governance with indicators of Board of Directors, Board of Commissioners, and Audit Committee have significant influence on companies performance with Return on Assets (ROA) indicator. But, partially, corporate governance does not affect the companies performance.

E-Filing System as a Contribution to The Improvement of Taxpayers Compliance

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Keywords: Tax Revenue, E-filing, Information System Success, Taxpayers Satisfaction, Taxpayers Compliance

Tax revenue, whose percentage reached above 80% of the total revenue of the State Budget in 2017, is the largest component of Indonesia's revenue. However, according to data of the Directorate General of Taxation in 2017, Indonesia's tax ratio in 2017 was only 10.3%. This is possibly true because Indonesia implements the self-assessment system in collecting taxes. To perform optimally, this system certainly requires the development of a good tax administration information system, such as the implementation of an e-filing information system. E-filing is an electronic-based tax reporting system which enables taxpayers to report via online without having to visit the tax office. This study aims to analyze the effect of the e-filing information system on taxpayers compliance, both directly and through the taxpayers satisfaction variable on the services they receive. This study utilized path analysis based on Structural Equation Modelling (SEM) as its data analysis techniques. The results of the study stated that the optimal implementation of the e-filing information system gives a positive effect on taxpayers' compliance directly, as well as through the satisfaction of taxpayers on the tax service they received.

System Quality and Task Technology-Fit on User Satisfaction in Adopting Village Finance System

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Keywords: E-Government, Task Technology-fit (TTF), Village Financial System (Siskeudes), System Quality, User Satisfaction.

Since the enactment of Law No. 6 of 2014 concerning Village Funds in Indonesia, villages have been given substantial funds to develop their villages more independently. Siskeudes is an information system that can help villagers in managing village funds become easier and more transparent. But there is a discrepancy between users in their use and there is still a high level of error. Based on a survey of 33 respondents in the Mundu sub-district, the authors tested the system quality, task technology-fit, and user satisfaction of siskeudes. The data collection carried out by questionnaires in each village to obtain accurate data. This research method uses Partial Least Square (PLS) using the SmartPLS 3. The results of this study indicate that task technology-fit and the quality of the system from siskeudes have an important role, especially in anticipating the error rate of data and information. The better system quality and the suitability of the user's task with siskeudes, the better the level of user satisfaction. In addition, the findings in this study show an in-depth study of the integration Information System Success Model and Task Technology Fit model.

The Effects of Corporate Social Responsibility on Financial Performance on Indonesian Public Listed Tobacco Companies

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Keywords: Corporate Social Responsibility, Current Ratio, Debt Ratio, Net Profit Margin, Return On Assets

This research is aimed at examining the effect of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) information reveal in company annual report on company financial performance. CSR is proxies in there independent variable which are Economy performance (X1), Environment Performance (X2) and Social Performance (X3). On the other hands, financial performance is proxies by four dependent variable which are Current Ratio (Y1), Debt Ratio (Y2), Net Profit Margin (Y3) and Return on Assets (Y4) on tobacco listed in Indonesia Stock Exchange. Research method used is panel data analysis using EViews 9 software. Purposive sampling is chosen and three companies are used as the sample. Data used in this research is annual financial report of tobacco sub Sector Companies that have been audited in 2010-20117 period. Based on the examination report CSR can only explain one of four financial performance measurements, that is Debt Ratio around 62,6%. Meanwhile for other financial performance measurement such as Current Ratio, Net Profit Margin and Return on Assest, CSR has not been able to explain. All and all it can be concluded that CSR activity cannot quite describe companys financial performance. It can be seen through hypothesis testing result (test-F, test-t) as well as the measurement of data panel model goodness as in determination coefficient (R-Square). The next research should add more indicators of the latest CSR and longer period of research.

Overview The Implementation of Accounting For Agriculture in Indonesia and Malaysia

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Keywords: Biological assets, IAS 41, Accounting Agriculture, Fair Value, A Biological Transformation

This paper aims to measure of biological asset. IAS 41 Agriculture is an accounting standard which is applied to agricultural entities in enforcing accounting for biological assets. The method used is descriptive quantitative method. The comparative analysis of Indonesia and Malaysia provides an overview the implementation of accounting for agriculture. The results show that in 2018 as many as 67% of agricultural companies in Indonesia have implemented IAS 41 agricultural, while in Malaysia an average of 74% of agricultural companies have applied it since 2012. IAS 41 measurement using fair value are very sensitive to the market so it will be increasingly difficult to ascertain whether profit and loss are caused by business decisions made by management or by changes that occur in the market, including the volatility of the performance of the institution due to the easier value of fluctuating asset and liability items. This paper considers the implications for agricultural companies in Indonesia and other countries to follow applicable standards in order to be generally accepted, because the company's assets undergo a biological transformation which results in changes both qualitatively and quantitatively and this will affect the presentation of financial statements.

TRACK B

BUSINESS, ECONOMICS, SOCIAL SCIENCES AND HUMANITIES

Influence of Dolls of Reflecting the Perfectionist Woman's Body on the Self-Perception of The of 5-6 Years Old Girls.

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Keywords: Dolls, Perfectionist Female Body, Development of Children, Self-efficacy ,Self- perception

The aim of this study is to examine the influence of toy dolls which reflect the perfectionist female body on self-perception of 5-6 years old girls. It is thought that these dolls, which have been preferred by girls in recent years, are adversely affected by the development of children by some countries. In this study, Demoulin Self-Perception Scale adapted to Turkish by Tural (2006) was used to collect data. 50 girls children were enrolled in the study, including 25 experimental and 25 control groups in the independent nursery school in Konya. The children in the experiment group were allowed to play for 1 hour a day for eight weeks with infants reflecting the perfectionist female body. The children in the control group were not allowed to play with the dolls that reflect the perfectionist female body. The children in the control group were not allowed to play with the dolls that reflect the perfectionist female body. As a result of the research, there was no significant difference in the self-esteem sub-dimension between experiment and control group. There was a significant difference in the self-efficacy sub-dimension to go against experiment group. For eight weeks after the study ended, experimental group was play with dolls that did not perfectionist female body with their. At the end of eight weeks a follow-up test was performed there was no significant difference between the follow-up test and pretest of the experimental group.

The Effect of Kick-Boks On Violence Tendency of the High School Students

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Keywords: Violence Tendency, Kick-box, Sport

Kick Boxing sport is a spore that contain Far East Asian sports such as tekwando-karate and judo. The basic philosophy of these sports is that the person's self- aware, control and energy and mind are combined manage the person. There are misconceptions that this sport encourages violence. This research aims to examine the effect on violent tendency of kick-box by comparing violent tendencies between kick-boxer and non-kick-boxer High School students. A total of 103 kick-boxing athletes, 18 female and 85 male licensed in Konya, were included in the researc. In addition, 150 high school students in Konya were selected by random sample method, and 136 student, 24 girls and 112 boys student, were included in the study. it was noted that when selecting the sample, equal number of students from different high school types were selected. Stratified sampling method was used in the selection of the sample. The Tendency of Violence Tendency Scale was used for high school students that Yildirim and Haskan developed. Analysis of data has been done with SPSS and LISREL data analysis program. Independent Sampling T-Test was applied for examine the difference between the groups was determined. Confirmatory Factor Analysis has been used for the validity of your scale in this research. The CFA results show that the compliance indices are within acceptable limits, so the scale used is valid for the study. Cronbach's alpha reliability coefficient of .66 is located, it has revealed that the scale is a reliable instrument for this research. As a result of the research, was found to be less than tendency to violence the in kick-boxer secondary school students according in non kick-boxer secondary school students. While the tendency of violence between boys and girls who made kick-boxing did not change, boys who did not kick-boxing were found to be more violence tendency than girls.

Reminiscence Video, Popup Store, and Retail business plan competition: Three Steps to Nrture Future Entrepreneurs in Class

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Keywords: Dual mode, Learning satisfaction, Academic performance

In recent years, the Australian tertiary education sector embraced the gradual adaption of the dual mode system in course delivery in universities and higher degree education providers. In such systems, students have the option, as well as the flexibility, to undertake the same course in a face-to-face environment and/or an online environment. This paper presents an evaluation of the dual mode design of a first year business statistics course delivered at Griffith University. In this paper, we discuss the various aspects of the dual mode design in the course, emphasizing the use of consistent teaching strategies for the face-to-face and online student cohorts. Moreover, we present a comparative analysis of learning satisfaction and academic performance of the two cohorts within the dual mode system. Utilizing t-tests, non-parametric tests and propensity score matching estimators we provide new insights into dual mode course design. Our results suggest no significant difference in student experiences and outcomes. Discussion and analysis presented in this paper is useful as feedback for further improvement in teaching strategies in the delivery of dual mode courses.

UP COMING EVENTS

You can find the details regarding our upcoming events by following below:

<http://animh.com/conferences/ieat-dec-2018/>

<http://animh.com/seoul-south-korea-conferences/ibamm-jan-2019/>

<http://animh.com/seoul-south-korea-conferences/itcse-feb-2019/>

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VISION

Maintain the research excellence and leadership in the field of engineering technology and applied sciences through engaging and serving scholars as well as practitioners, and to be the international voice for the highest standards for engineering technology and applied sciences.